



Nevertheless, Given the Absolute Power of the Supreme Court over lower courts, Wayson withdraws his 'Appointment of the Trial Court Clerk as his Agent', and relinquishes the dispersal of Wayson's \$59,735.64 Cash Bond to that designated by the Supreme Court and Trial Court.

Dated this 8th day of September, 2022, at Anchorage Alaska.

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s/ Mark N. Wayson Appellant

I certify that this document was distributed to the Anchorage Trial Court Clerk, the Trial Court, the Supreme Court, and the Law Offices of Paul Waggoner on this 8th day of September, 2022, by Appellant Mark N Wayson

s/\_Mark N. Wayson

FILED

OCT 05 2020

APPELLATE COURTS  
OF THE  
STATE OF ALASKA

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Original Court  
OCT - 5 2020  
Clerk of the Trial Co.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT

WILLIAM E. STEVENSON,

Plaintiff,

v.

MARK N. WAYSON,

Defendant.

No. 3AN-17-05729 Cl.

**PAYMENT OF SUPERSEDEAS CASH BOND AND QUALIFICATION OF WAYSON'S  
APPOINTMENT OF THE CLERK OF THE COURT AS WAYSON'S AGENT**

Mark N. Wayson (hereinafter 'Wayson') pays a cash bond of Fifty-Nine Thousand, Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars, and Sixty-Four Cents (\$59,735.64) as a Supersedeas bond to the Clerk of the Court, thereby making the Clerk of the Court Wayson's agent, with the following qualification.

The Law Firm of Richmond & Quinn of Anchorage, Alaska, and Paul W. Waggoner (hereinafter 'Waggoner') on behalf of William E. Stevenson (hereinafter 'Stevenson') specifically and indisputably defrauded Philadelphia Insurance Companies, Wayson, and the clients of Philadelphia Insurance Companies during litigation.

The Stevenson fraud was perpetuated by Waggoner using the Alaska Supreme Court as the forum to steal money through fraudulent Attorney Fees on October 24, and October 29, 2018.

In any impartial and ethical forum, Wayson cannot be ordered to participate in this fraud by Richmond & Quinn by paying any part of any Attorney Fees or Costs which have been tainted by criminal fraud. Nor does Wayson intend to involve the Clerk of the Court in any fraudulent action as Wayson's agent.

Fraud by Waggoner was brought to the Trial Court's specific attention by the Alaska Supreme Court on August 5, 2020, eight (8) days before the Trial Court's Final Judgment. The fraud was so brazen that it is unlikely that it was a one-time occurrence.

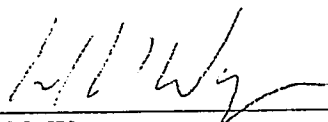
Evidence of other billing fraud by Richmond & Quinn and Waggoner were provided to the Trial Court, 'misinterpreted' or disregarded by the Trial Court, and are on Appeal. The fraud information provided by Wayson, as well as the observations of the Court, screamed for an investigation of the offenses, rather than the Trial Court sweeping them under the rug, because the crimes were committed by the Court's colleagues in private practice.

The Trial Courts effectively have provided their 'impartial forum' in the form of a sanctuary in which Stevenson has been allowed to commit fraud and other criminal offenses in his civil case because Stevenson participated in the Alaska 'pay-to-play' system by hiring attorneys as his criminal surrogates to carry out his offenses in the Court System.

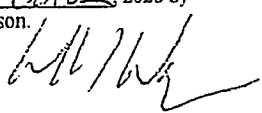
Allowing only lawyers to file defamation third-party lawsuits requiring no 'legal' skills, is an unfair restriction on competition and violation of Federal and State Anti-Trust statutes.

This complicity, and the Trial Court's disregard of Judicial Canons requiring diligence, impartiality, and equal treatment of all Alaskans, including lawyers, is emblematic of *Stevenson v. Wayson* and further erodes what public trust there is in the Alaska Legal System.

DATED this 5 day of October, 2020, at Anchorage, Alaska.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Mark N. Wayson  
Defendant

I certify that this document was distributed via  
U.S. Postal Service to: Paul Waggoner  
on this 5 day of October, 2020 by  
Defendant Mark N. Wayson.



## ALASKA COURT SYSTEM

Receipt Type	Case	Outstanding Amount	0.00
Receipt Number	1784376	Receipt Date	10/05/2020

Case Number	3AN-17-05729CI
Description	Stevenson, William E vs. Wayson, Mark N

Received From Wayson, Mark N, Defendant

On Behalf Of Stevenson, William E

## Itemized Listing:

Description	Amount
Civil Deposit Posted	59,735.64

Receipt Payments	Amount	Reference Description
Check/Money Order	59,735.64	1405

Total Received	59,735.64
Net Received	59,735.64
Change	0.00

## Comments

Deputy Register	mlawrence	Transaction Date	10/05/2020 10:17:12.18
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FILED

OCT 05 2020

APPELLATE COURT  
OF THE  
STATE OF ALASKA

WILLIAM E. STEVENSON,  
Plaintiff,  
v.  
MARK N. WAYSON,  
Defendant.

**ORDER DENYING STEVENSON'S MOTION RE RULE 80(a) COMPLIANCE**

When a judgment is entered, Civil Rule 62(d) permits the judgment debtor to obtain a stay of enforcement by either posting a bond, or filing a cash deposit in lieu of a bond while he pursues an appeal. The bond or cash deposit are provided as security to ensure the judgment debtor can satisfy the judgment if it is affirmed on appeal. Civil Rule 80(g) permits a cash deposit in lieu of a surety bond to be made with the clerk of

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court. When the deposit is made, "there shall be filed a written instrument properly executed and acknowledged by the owner of the cash . . . setting forth the conditions under which the deposit is being made, . . ."<sup>2</sup>

Wayson did file a "written instrument" with his cash deposit. That writing also sets forth various accusations, and assertions which might be called "conditions." Nonetheless, Stevenson disputes whether Wayson's filing complies with the rule. In the Court's view, Wayson's filing is outside the spirit of the rule as it sets forth multiple accusations against Stevenson, his counsel, and the Court. The accusations generally suggest that he is filing the cash deposit under protest. Wayson's written notice with his deposit clearly does not include the specific condition that Stevenson wants — automatic payment of the attorney's fee award if the appeal results in an affirmance of the judgment. It is also true that Stevenson will have to file a request to release the cash deposit if he prevails upon the appeal. But despite Stevenson's argument, the Court cannot say that Wayson's filing does not include "conditions." In the Court's view, Wayson's notice, broadly viewed, complies with Civil Rule 80(g).

For the foregoing reasons, Stevenson's Motion is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED at Anchorage, Alaska this 5<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2020.



Thomas A. Matthews  
Superior Court Judge

I certify that on 11/5/20 a copy  
of the following was ~~mailed~~ hand delivered (10)  
to each of the following at their addresses of record.

Paul Waggoner  
Mark Wayson

<sup>2</sup> See Alaska R. Civ. P. 80(g).